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Unemployment on the Delmarva Peninsula by County – March 2017

Unemployment Rates in Eight Counties Declined Over the Year

In March, Worcester County, Md., had the highest unemployment rate on the Delmarva Peninsula at 11.2 percent, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Sheila Watkins, the Bureau's regional commissioner, noted that 10 of the 14 Delmarva Peninsula counties had jobless rates higher than the 4.6-percent U.S. average. Kent County, Md., had an unemployment rate that matched the national rate. The remaining three counties had jobless rates below the national average, with the lowest rate in Queen Anne's County, Md., at 3.8 percent. (See [chart 1](#) and [chart 2](#). All data in this release are not seasonally adjusted; accordingly, over-the-year analysis is used throughout.)




Eight of the 14 counties on the Delmarva Peninsula had unemployment rate decreases from March 2016 to March 2017. (See [table A](#).) Worcester County, Md., had the largest decline at 0.7 percentage point, exceeding the national decline of 0.5 percentage point. Seven counties had unemployment rate declines that were smaller than the national decrease with Cecil County, Md., having the smallest over-the-year decline of 0.1 percentage point. The unemployment rates in Caroline, Md., and Accomack, Va., were unchanged. The unemployment rate increased 0.2 percentage point in Wicomico County, Md., and 0.1 percentage point in each of the three Delaware counties.

Table A. Unemployment rates for the United States, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, and counties on the Delmarva Peninsula, not seasonally adjusted

Area	Back data	Unemployment rates			Change from	
		Mar 2015	Mar 2016	Mar 2017(1)	Mar 2015 to Mar 2017(1)	Mar 2016 to Mar 2017(1)
United States.....		5.6	5.1	4.6	-1.0	-0.5
Delaware		5.0	4.5	4.6	-0.4	0.1
Kent.....		5.5	4.8	4.9	-0.6	0.1
New Castle		4.7	4.3	4.4	-0.3	0.1
Sussex.....		5.8	5.0	5.1	-0.7	0.1
Maryland.....		5.4	4.4	4.3	-1.1	-0.1
Caroline		6.2	5.0	5.0	-1.2	0.0
Cecil		6.5	5.4	5.3	-1.2	-0.1
Dorchester		8.3	6.8	6.5	-1.8	-0.3
Kent		5.9	5.0	4.6	-1.3	-0.4
Queen Anne's.....		5.0	4.1	3.8	-1.2	-0.3
Somerset		9.4	7.8	7.4	-2.0	-0.4
Talbot.....		5.7	4.6	4.4	-1.3	-0.2
Wicomico.....		7.7	6.4	6.6	-1.1	0.2
Worcester		13.9	11.9	11.2	-2.7	-0.7

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table A. Unemployment rates for the United States, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, and counties on the Delmarva Peninsula, not seasonally adjusted - Continued

Area	Back data	Unemployment rates			Change from	
		Mar 2015	Mar 2016	Mar 2017(1)	Mar 2015 to Mar 2017(1)	Mar 2016 to Mar 2017(1)
Virginia.....		4.8	4.0	3.8	-1.0	-0.2
Accomack.....		6.4	5.3	5.3	-1.1	0.0
Northampton.....		7.3	6.5	6.1	-1.2	-0.4

Footnotes(1) Data for Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, and counties on the Delmarva Peninsula are preliminary for the most recent month.

Jobless rates in all 14 Delmarva Peninsula counties in March 2017 were lower than in March 2015. The two-year decreases in 11 Delmarva counties exceeded the national decline of 1.0 percentage point, with Worcester, Md., having the largest decline at 2.7 percentage points. Jobless rate declines for the three Delaware counties were smaller than that for the nation. New Castle, Del., had the smallest two-year decrease of 0.3 percentage point.

The Metropolitan Area Employment and Unemployment news release for April is scheduled to be released on Wednesday, May 31, 2017, at 10:00 a.m. (EDT).

Technical Note

This release presents unemployment rate data for states and counties from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) program, a federal-state cooperative endeavor.

Definitions. The labor force and unemployment data are based on the same concepts and definitions as those used for the official national estimates obtained from the Current Population Survey (CPS), a sample survey of households that is conducted for the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) by the U.S. Census Bureau. The LAUS program measures employment and unemployment on a place-of-residence basis. The universe for each is the civilian noninstitutional population 16 years of age and over. Employed persons are those who did any work at all for pay or profit in the reference week (the week including the 12th of the month) or worked 15 hours or more without pay in a family business or farm, plus those not working who had a job from which they were temporarily absent, whether or not paid, for such reasons as labor-management dispute, illness, or vacation. Unemployed persons are those who were not employed during the reference week (based on the definition above), had actively looked for a job sometime in the 4-week period ending with the reference week, and were currently available for work; persons on layoff expecting recall need not be looking for work to be counted as unemployed. The labor force is the sum of employed and unemployed persons. The unemployment rate is the number of unemployed as a percent of the labor force.

Methods of Estimation. The LAUS program is a hierarchy of non-survey methodologies for indirectly estimating employment and unemployment in states and local areas. Statewide data are produced through a modeling technique that uses estimates of payroll jobs from the Current Employment Statistics survey and unemployment insurance claims counts from the state workforce agencies to mitigate volatility in the direct CPS tabulations of employment and unemployment, respectively. Data for labor market areas, such as metropolitan areas and metropolitan divisions, are produced through a building block approach and adjusted

proportionally to state model-based totals. Data for counties within labor market areas are produced through a disaggregation technique. A detailed description of the LAUS estimation procedures is available in chapter 4 of the BLS Handbook of Methods at www.bls.gov/opub/hom/pdf/homch4.pdf.

Annual revisions. Labor force and unemployment data for prior years reflect adjustments made at the end of each year, usually implemented with January estimates. The adjusted estimates reflect updated population data from the U.S. Census Bureau, any revisions in the other data sources, and model reestimation. All substate estimates are reestimated and adjusted to add to the revised model-based estimates.

The **Delmarva Peninsula**, located on the east coast of the United States, comprises Delaware and portions of Maryland and Virginia. The Delmarva Peninsula includes Kent, New Castle, and Sussex Counties in Delaware; Caroline, Cecil, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Anne's, Somerset, Talbot, Wicomico, and Worcester Counties in Maryland; and Accomack and Northampton Counties in Virginia.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.